



**5 S's**

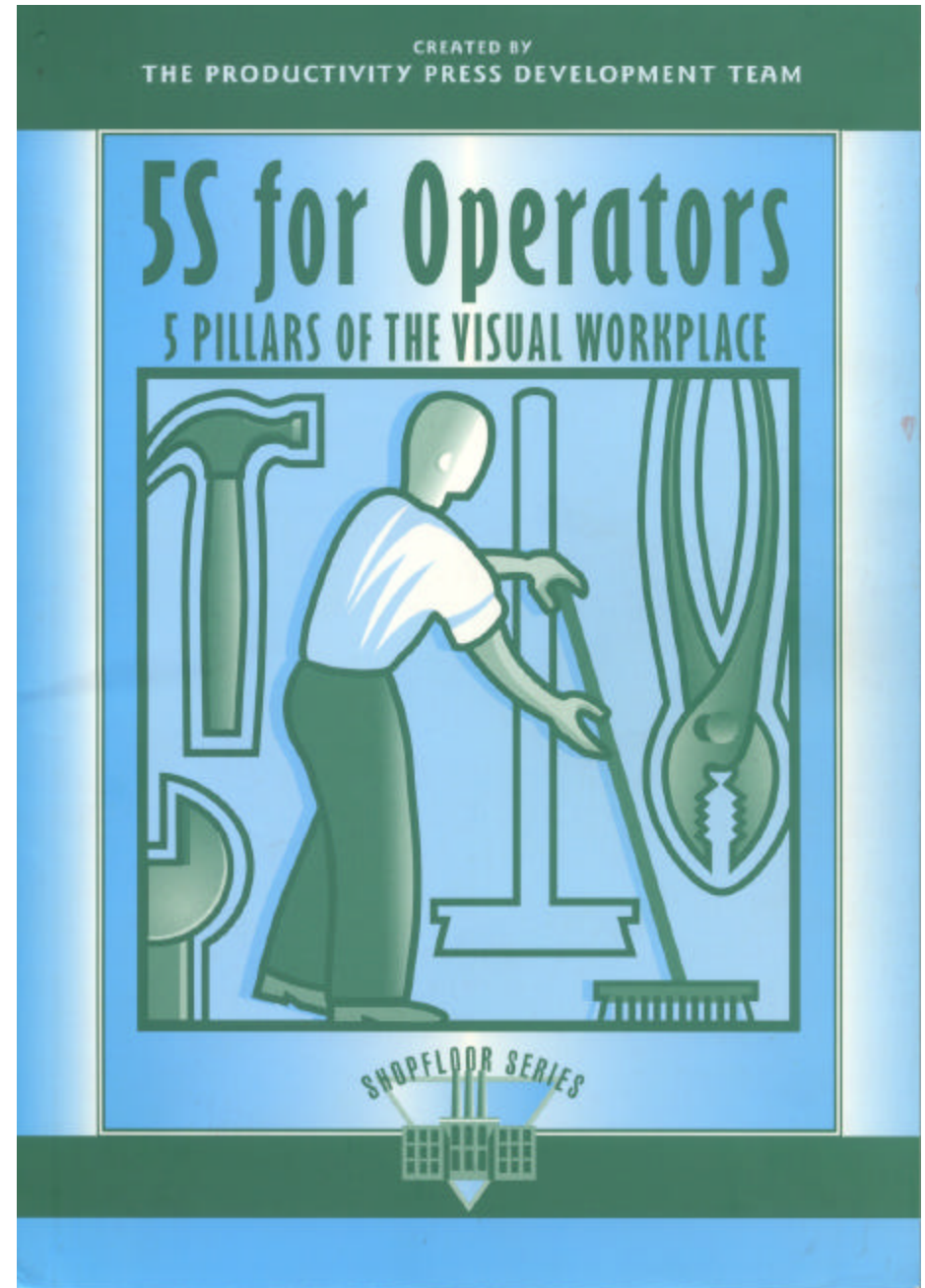
**5 Pillars of the  
Visual Workplace**

Before we begin I would like to thank the originator of the material for our class.

5S for Operators  
5 Pillars of the Visual Workplace  
Created by  
The Productivity Press  
Development Team

Based on  
5 Pillars of the Visual Workplace:  
The Sourcebook for 5S Implementation  
by Hiroyuki Hirano

Productivity Press  
Portland, Oregon



**5 S's**  
**5 Pillars of the**  
**Visual Workplace**

**Seiri**

**Organization**

**Seiton**

**Orderliness**

**Seiso**

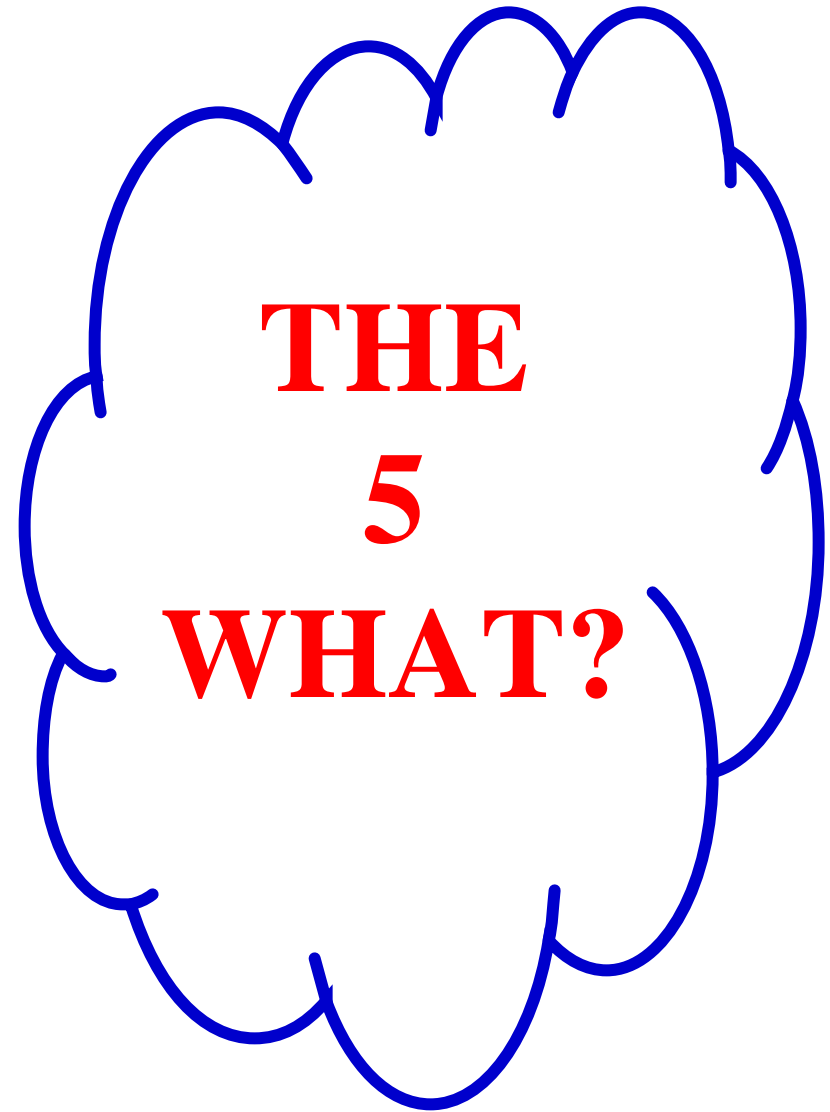
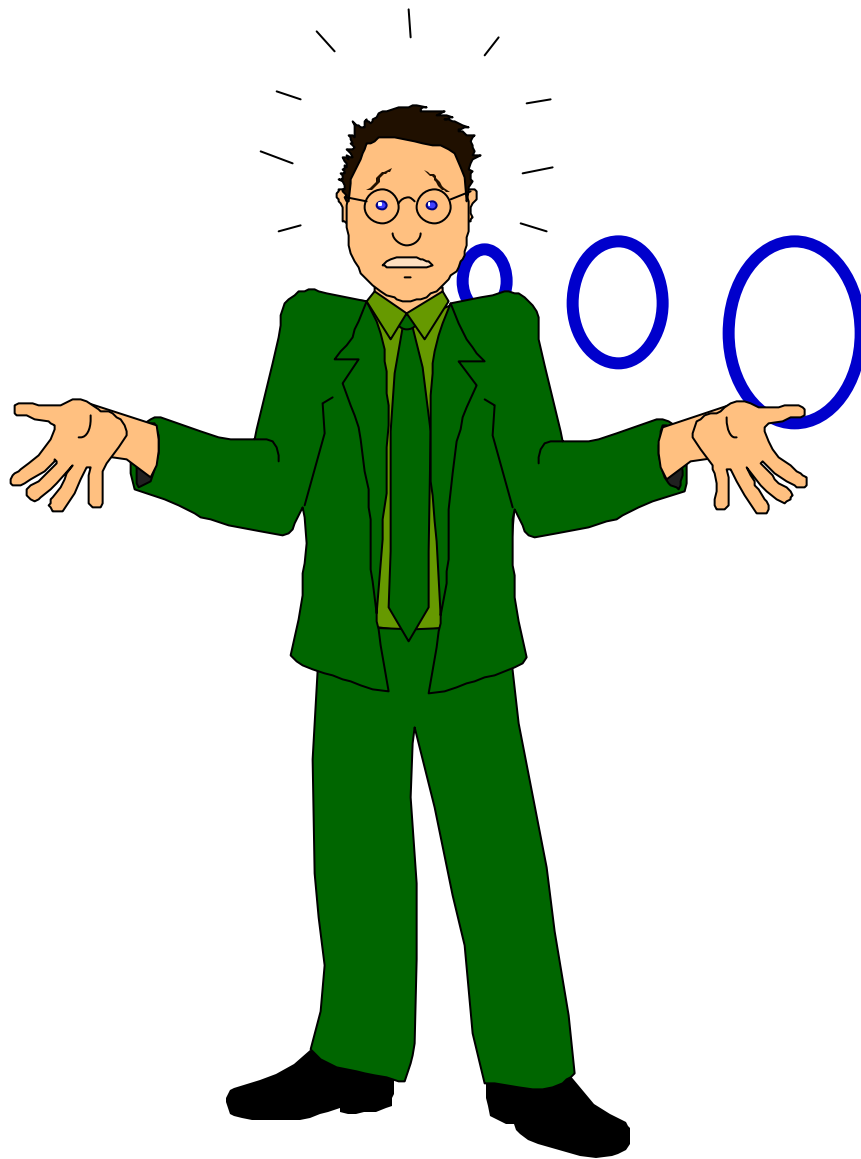
**Cleanliness**

**Seiketsu**

**Standardized Cleanup**

**Shitsuke**

**Discipline**



# **5 PILLARS**

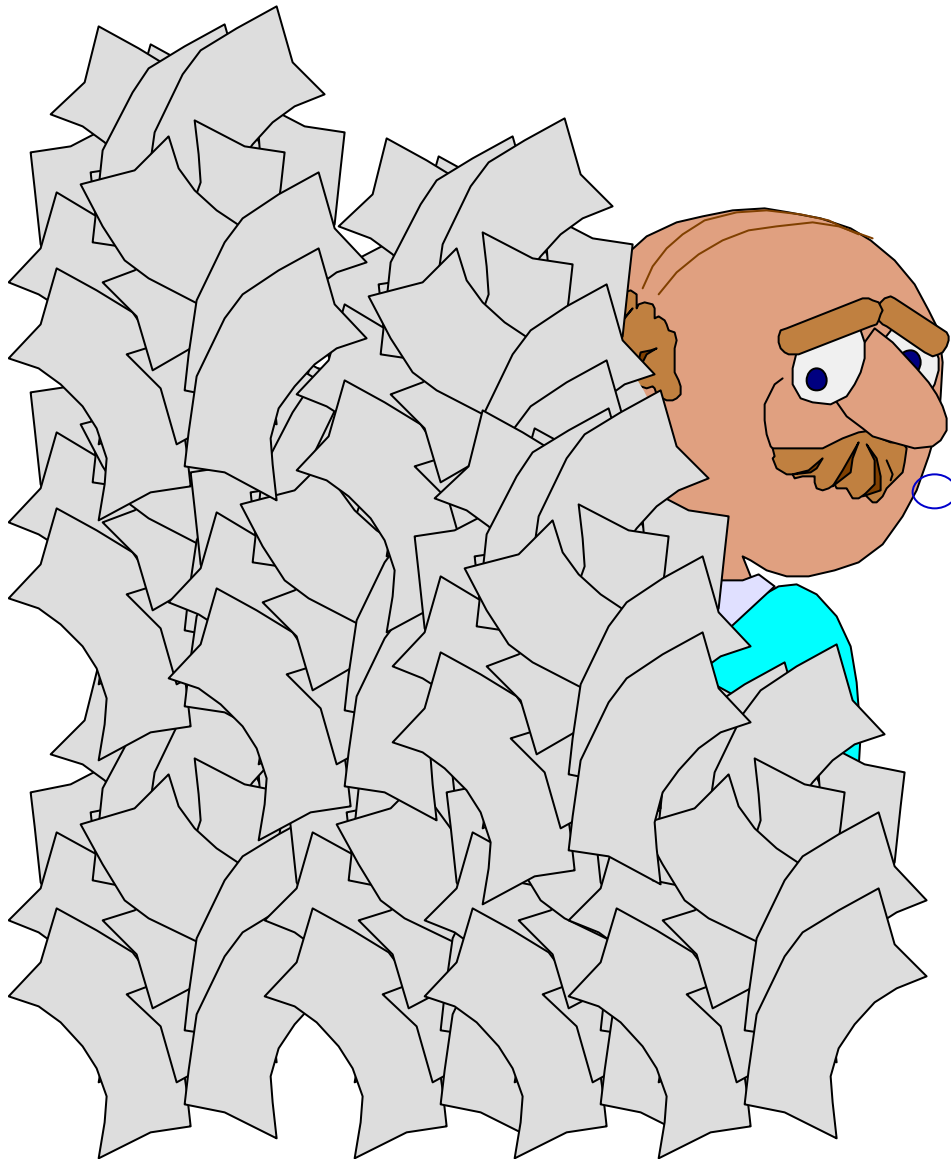
**ORGANIZATION**

**ORDERLINESS**

**CLEANLINESS**

**STANDARDIZED CLEANUP**

**DISCIPLINE**



WHY DO I CARE?  
I'M AN  
**ORGONIZED**  
**ORGANEZED**  
**ORGANIZED**  
PERSON!

# **5 PILLARS**

## **ORGANIZATION**

# ORGANIZATION

Organization, the first pillar of the visual workplace, corresponds to the just-in-time (JIT) principle of “only what is needed, only in the amounts needed, and only when it is needed.”

*Organization means removing from the workplace all items that are not needed for current production operations.*



# ORGANIZATION

*I need more room!*

*I need more people to keep track of this stuff!*

*I need more money, to buy things to hold all  
this stuff!*

*I don't have enough time to do my work, I  
have to straighten all this stuff!*

*I can't get that right now, I have to go through  
all this stuff to find what you need!*

# ORGANIZATION

## **Problems Avoided by Organization!**

*Workplace becomes crowded and hard to work in.*

*Lockers, shelves, & cabinets for storage of  
unneded items.*

*Time is wasted in search of parts and tools.*

*Unneeded inventory is costly to maintain.*

*Excess stock-on-hand hides other potential  
problems.*

*Unneeded items & equipment make it harder to  
improve the process flow.*

# RED-TAGGING

<p>WARNING: Unauthorized persons removing, defacing, or destroying this tag may be subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000 or imprisonment for not more than one year or both. (18 USC 1361)</p>	FSN, PART NO. AND ITEM DESCRIPTION		UNSERVICEABLE (UNREPAIRABLE) TAG - MATERIEL		
			INSPECTION ACTIVITY		CONDITION CODE
			REASON FOR REPAIRABLE CONDITION		
	SERIAL NO/LOT NO		UNIT OF ISSUE	REMOVED FROM	
	CONTRACT OR PURCHASE ORDER NO		QUANTITY	INSPECTOR'S NAME OR STAMP AND DATE	
	REMARKS				

DD FORM 1577-2 1 OCT 66

Is this item needed?

If it is needed, is it needed in this quantity?

If it is needed, does it need to be located here?

# RED-TAGGING

<b>WARNING:</b> Unauthorized persons removing, defacing, or destroying this tag may be subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000 or imprisonment for not more than one year or both. (18 USC 1361)	FSN, PART NO. AND ITEM DESCRIPTION		UNSERVICEABLE (UNREPAIRABLE) TAG - MATERIEL	
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	REMARKS		INSPECTOR'S NAME OR STAMP AND DATE	

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**Once identified, evaluate & deal with it appropriately.**

**Hold in a “Red-Tag holding Area” for a specified time.**

**Dispose of it.**

**Relocate it.**

# **5 PILLARS**

**ORDERLINESS**

# ORDERLINESS

*Orderliness means arranging needed items so that they are easy to use and labeling them so that anyone can find them and put them away.*

***The key word is “ANYONE.”***

*Orderliness eliminates waste in searching, using, and returning items.*

# ORDERLINESS

## **Problems Avoided by Orderliness.**

### **Motion Waste**

The person sent to get the cart can't find it.

### **Searching Waste**

No one can find the key for the cabinet.

### **Waste of Human Energy**

A frustrated worker gives up after searching for an hour.

# ORDERLINESS

## Problems Avoided by Orderliness

### Waste of Excess Inventory

Desk drawers crammed full of pencils, markers, & office supplies.

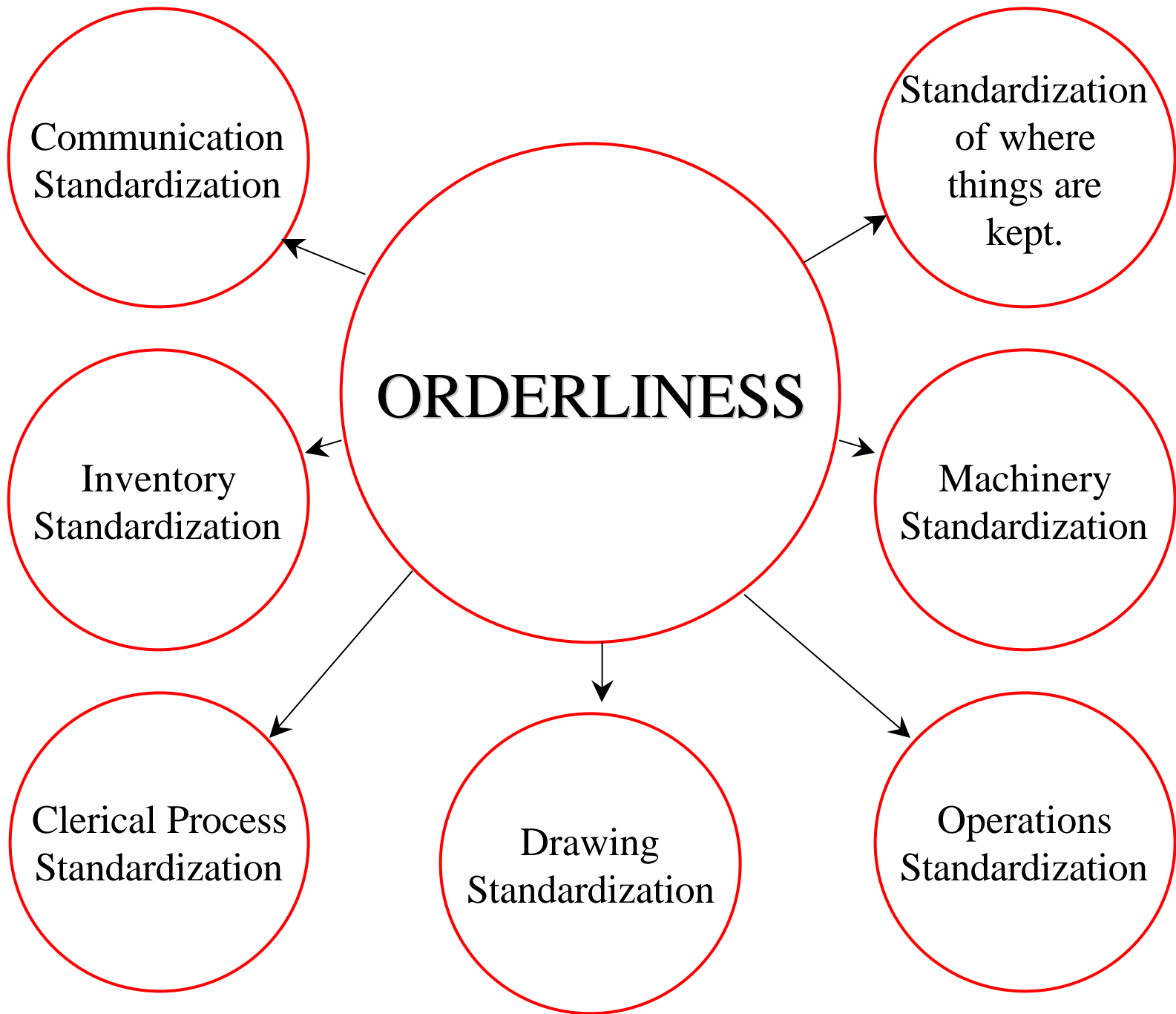
### Waste of Defective Products

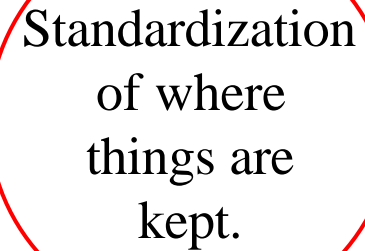
Location of two different items are switched and the user is not told; results the user uses the wrong item.

### Waste of Unsafe Conditions

Excess items stored in walkways cause trips & injures.







Standardization  
of where  
things are  
kept.

Wouldn't it be nice to find things in the same place all the time? When is the last time you went away for a week or even a day, only to come back to everything being located in a different place and no instructions of where the items went.




Communication  
Standardization

Wouldn't it be nice if once a standard  
is established it is communicated  
to all individuals involved in the process.

Wouldn't it be nice if we all  
used the same type of  
materials to get the job done.



Wouldn't it be nice if the  
computers or other items we use  
were the same and we didn't  
have to relearn everything again.



Machinery  
Standardization

Wouldn't it be nice if one office's  
process was the same as the next ones.



Clerical Process  
Standardization

Wouldn't it be nice if our organization  
conducted business the same way in  
all of the locations.



Operations  
Standardization

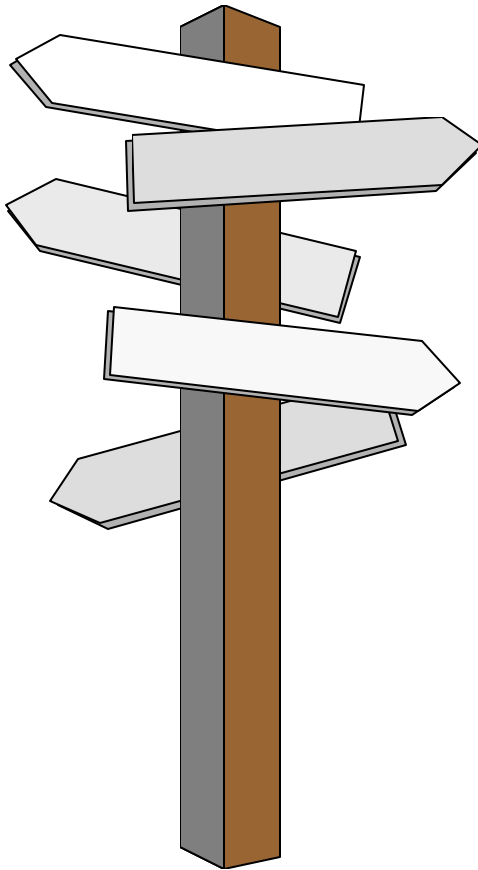
Wouldn't it be nice if there was a visual map you could look at and know what to do at a glance.



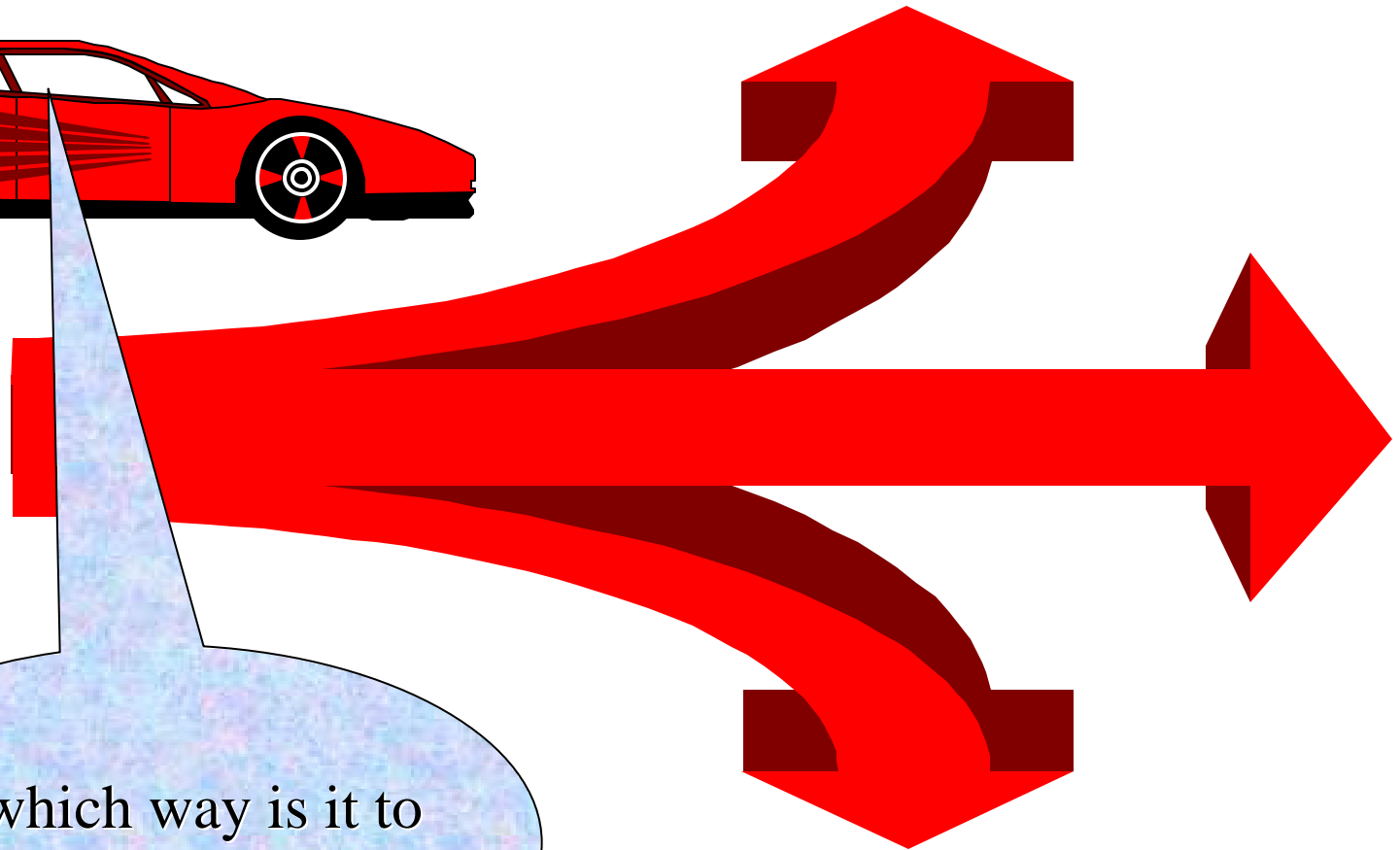
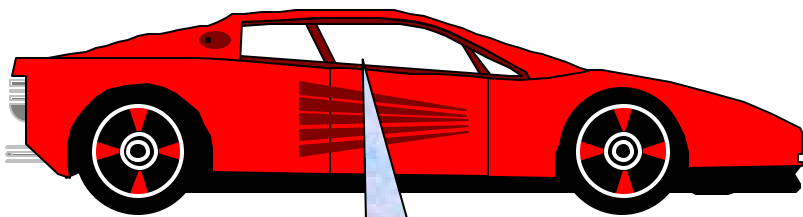
Drawing  
Standardization



# HOW DO I GET THERE?



- Have you ever tried to get to where you are going without a map and street signs to help you.
- What would it be like without these two items we take for granted.



So which way is it to  
Frankfurt Airport?

# VISUAL CONTROLS

*Visual Controls are used to communicate information such as:*

*Where items belong*

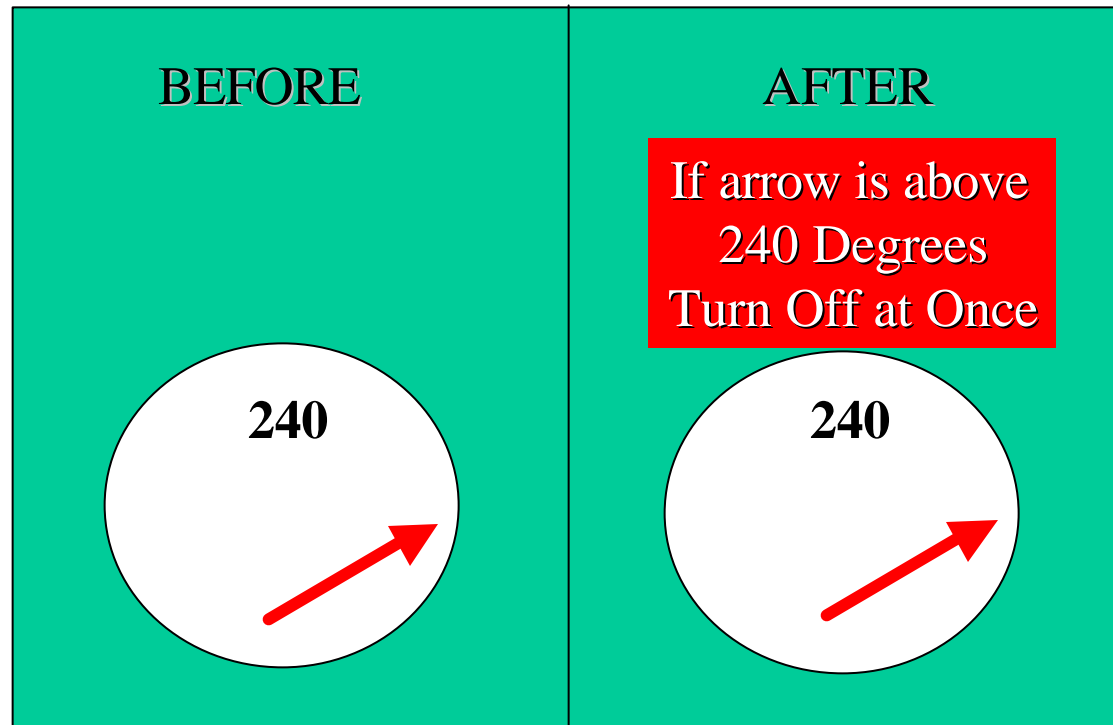
*How many items belong there*

*What the standard procedure is for something*

*The status of work in progress*

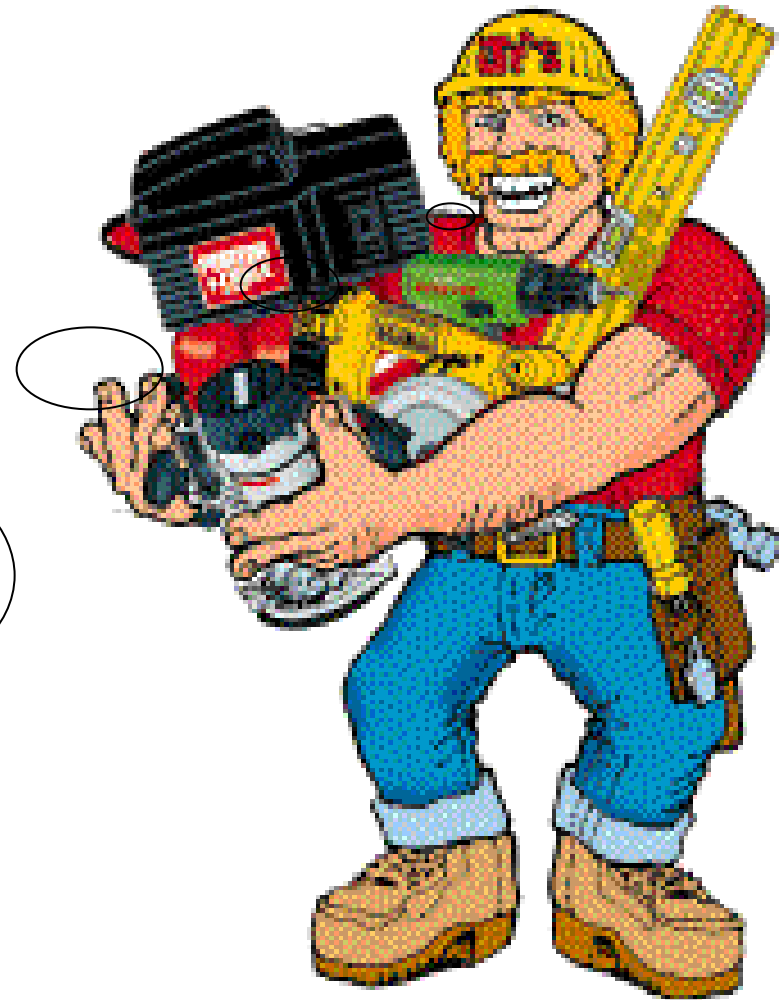
# VISUAL CONTROLS

*A Visual Control is any communication device used in the work environment that tells us at a glance how work should be done.*



# VISUAL CONTROLS

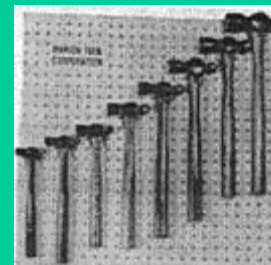
Now where were  
these tools at in the  
first place?



# VISUAL CONTROLS

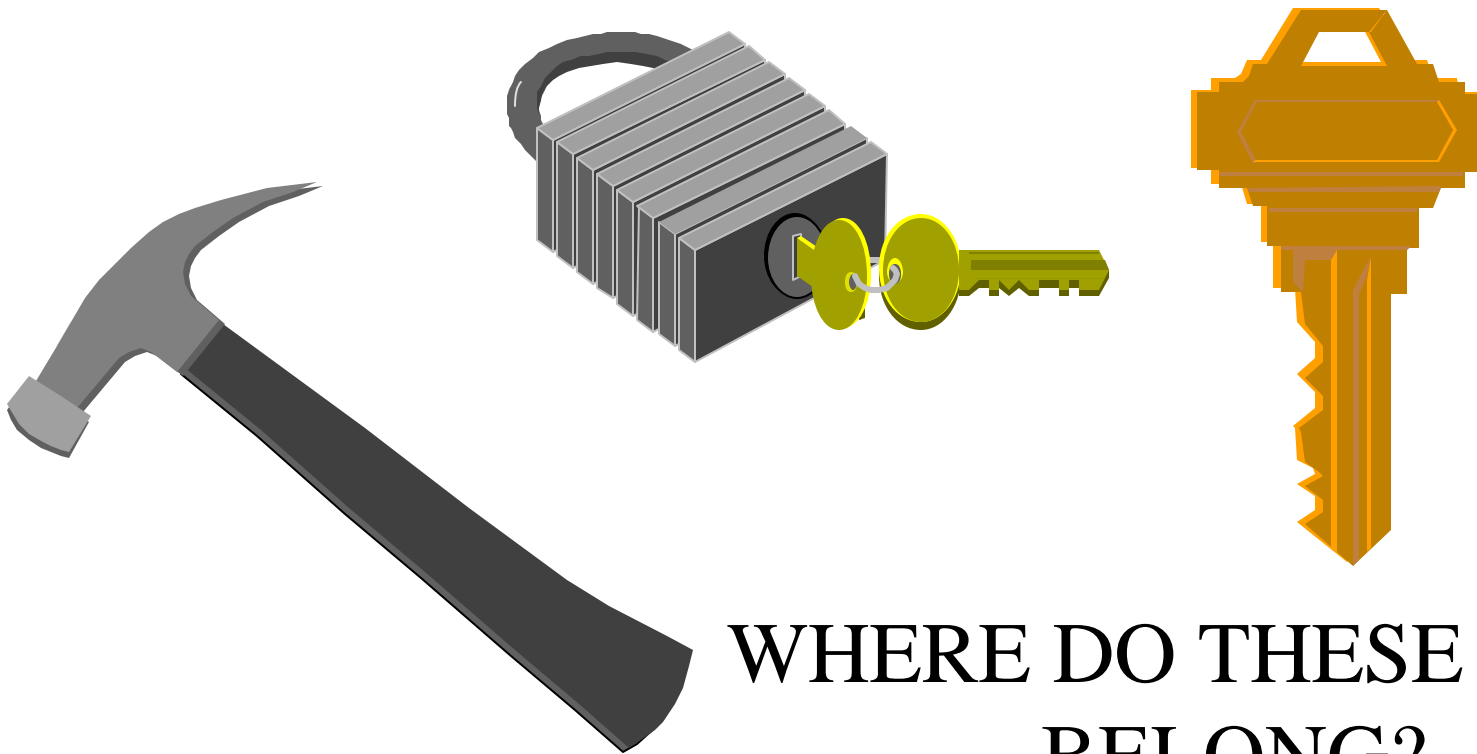
*A Visual Control communicates where an item belongs in the workplace at a glance.*

Wrench / Crescent / Screwdriver / Spanner / Hammer



# VISUAL CONTROLS

**BEFORE USING A SHADOW BOARD**

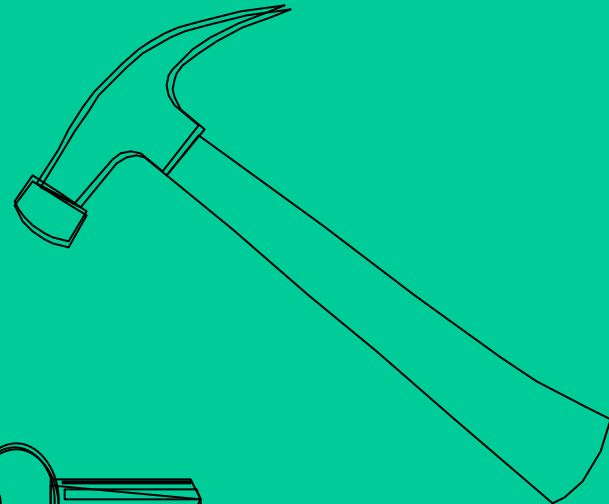
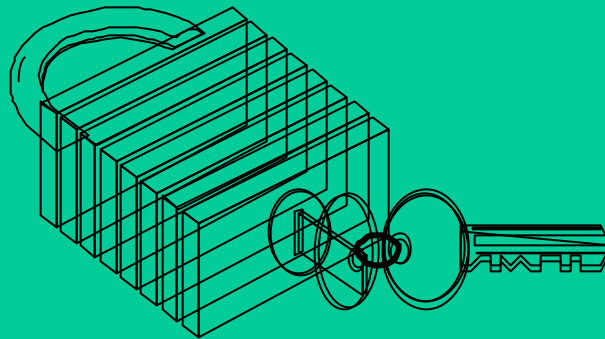
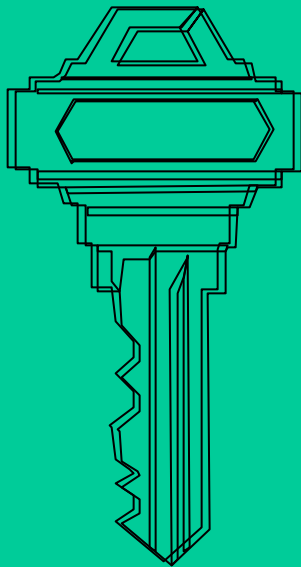


WHERE DO THESE ITEMS  
BELONG?

# VISUAL CONTROLS

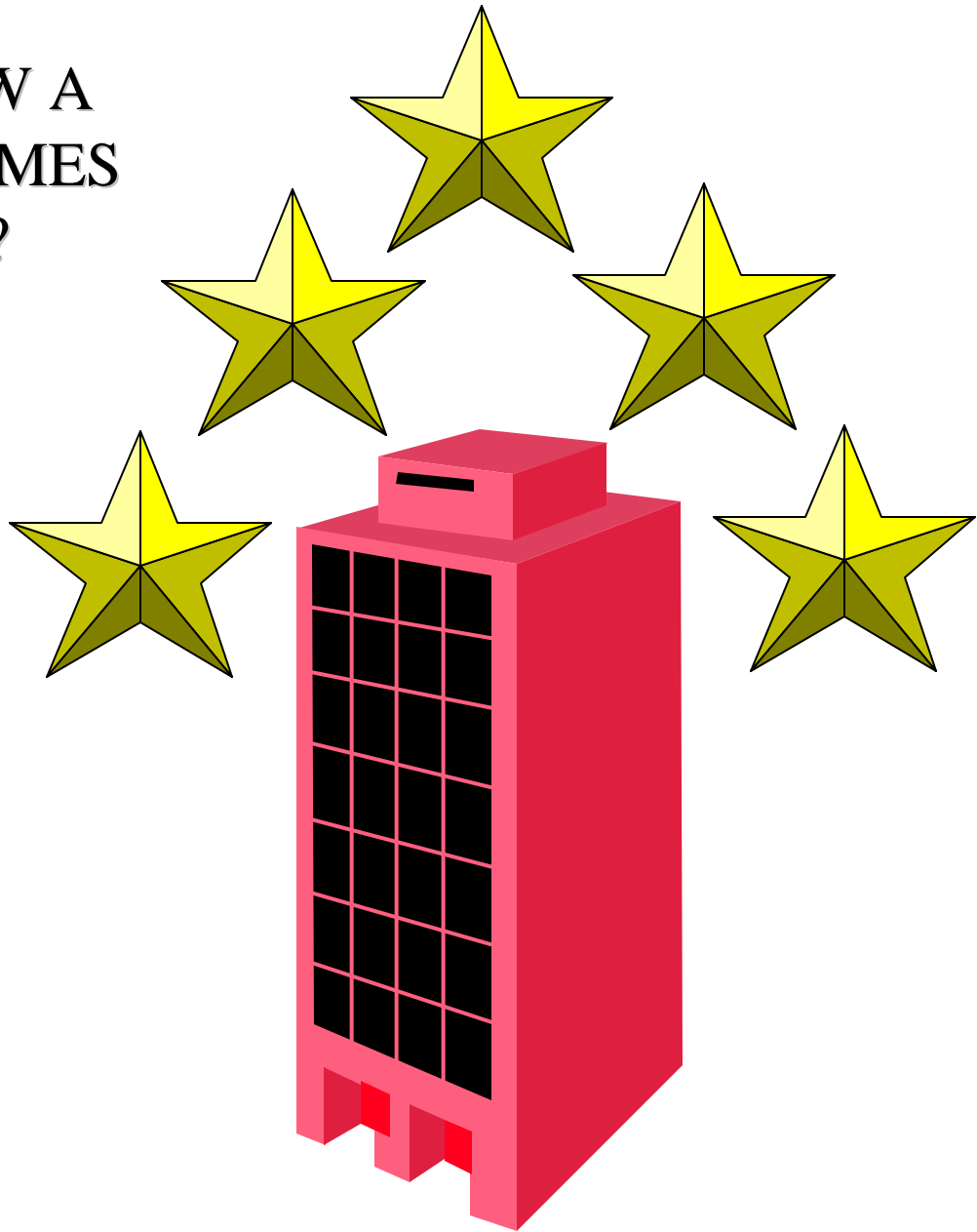
## AFTER USING A SHADOW BOARD

S 1 / MONITORED ITEMS





EVER WONDER HOW A  
5 STAR HOTEL BECOMES  
A 5 STAR HOTEL?



# **5 PILLARS**

**CLEANLINESS**

# CLEANLINESS

*One of the obvious purposes of cleanliness is to turn the work-place into a clean, bright place where everyone will enjoy working.*

*Another key purpose is to keep everything in top condition so that when someone needs to use something, it is ready to be used.*

# CLEANLINESS

*We should abandon the inadequate tradition of annual “year-end” or “spring” cleanings.*

*Instead, cleaning should become a deeply ingrained part of daily work habits, so that tools, equipment, and work areas will be ready for use all the time.*

# CLEANLINESS

## **Problems Avoided by Cleanliness.**

*Defects are less obvious in messy areas.*

*Equipment that does not receive sufficient check-up maintenance tend to break down frequently.*

*Filthy work environments can lower morale.*

# CLEANLINESS

**WHY ARE PLANES  
KEEP CLEAN?**



# CLEANLINESS

**LIFE IS  
EXPENSIVE!**



# CLEANLINESS

## **Determine Cleanliness Targets**

### Warehouse Items

*Raw Materials, Parts, & Finished Products*

### Equipment

*Machines, Tools, Worktables, Cabinets, Desks,  
Chairs, Other Equipment*

### Space

*Floors, Work Areas, Walkways, Walls, Ceilings,  
Windows, Shelves, Closets, Rooms, & Lights*



# CLEANLINESS

## **Determine Cleanliness Assignments**

*Workplace Cleanliness is the responsibility of everyone who works there.*

## **5 Pillar Assignment Map**

*The assignment map shows all of the cleanliness areas and who is responsible for cleaning them.*

## **5 Pillar Schedule**

*The schedule shows in detail who is responsible for cleaning which area on which day. The schedule is posted in the work area.*

# CLEANLINESS

## **DETERMINE CLEANLINESS METHODS**

### **Decide Cleanliness targets & tools**

*Define what will be cleaned in each area and what supplies and equipment will be used.*

### **Performing Five-minute Cleanliness**

*Cleanliness should be practiced daily and should not require a lot of time.*

### **Create standards of Cleanliness procedures**

*People need to know what procedures to follow in order to use their time efficiently or they will spend most of their time getting ready to clean.*

# **5 PILLARS**

**STANDARDIZED**

**CLEANUP**

# STANDARDIZED CLEANUP

*The state that exists when the first three pillars  
Organization, Orderliness, and Cleanliness  
are properly maintained.*

*The basic purpose of Standardized Cleanup is to  
prevent setbacks in the first three pillars, to  
make implementing them a daily habit, and to  
make sure that all three pillars are maintained  
in their fully implemented state.*

# STANDARDIZED CLEANUP

## **Problems Avoided by Standardized Cleanup.**

*Conditions go back to their old undesirable levels even after an organization wide five pillar implementation campaign.*

*At the end of the day, piles of unneeded items are left from the day's production and lie scattered around the production equipment.*

*Tool storage sites become disorganized and must be put back in order at the end of the day.*

*Even after implementing Organization and Orderliness, it does not take long for office workers to start accumulating more stationery supplies than they need.*

# STANDARDIZED CLEANUP

**The three steps to making Organization, Orderliness, and Cleanliness a habit.**

## **Step 1:**

*Decide who is responsible for which activities with regard to maintaining the three pillar conditions.*

## **Step 2:**

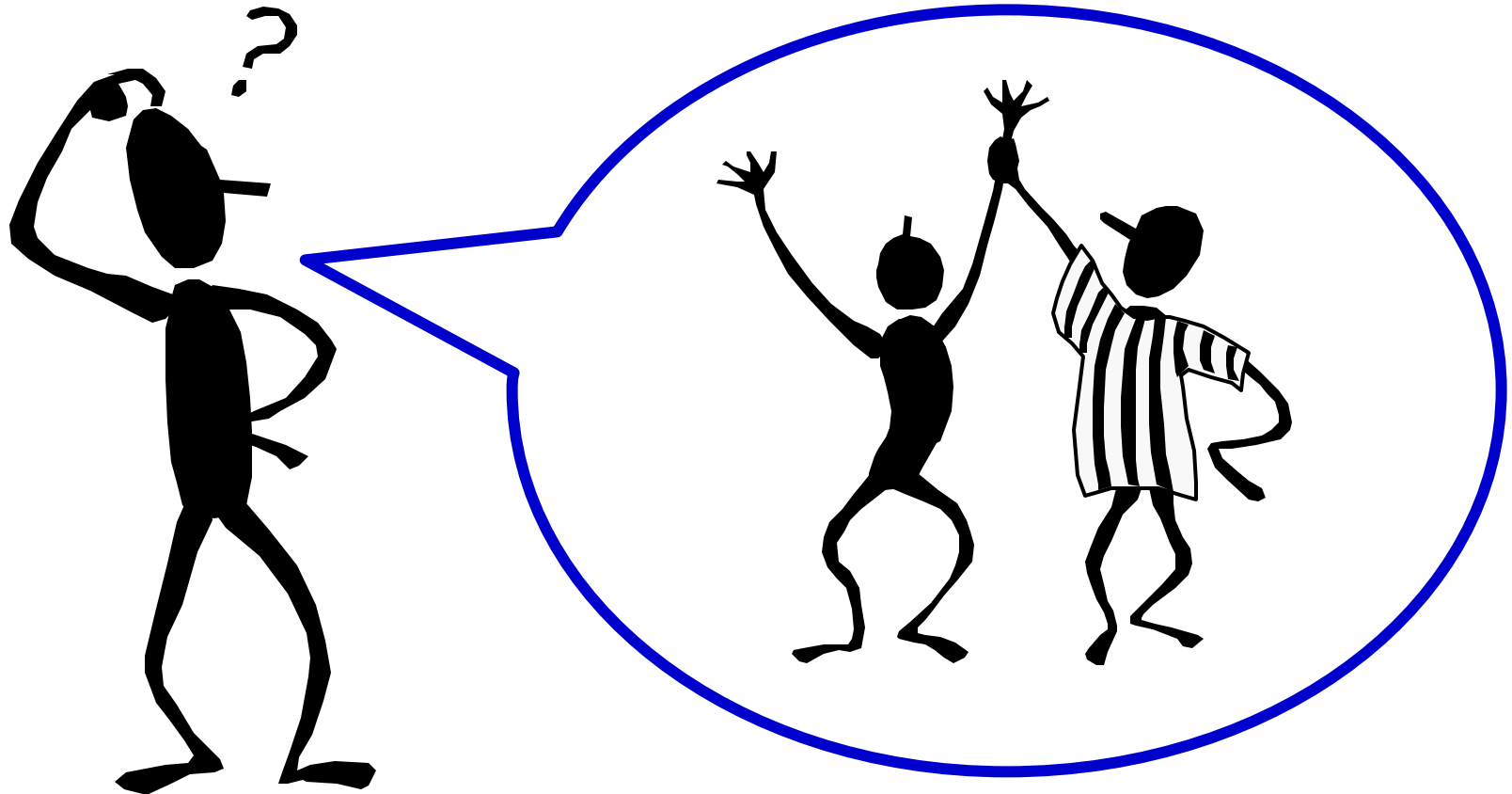
*To prevent backsliding, integrate three pillar maintenance duties into regular work activities.*

## **Step 3:**

*Check on how well the three pillar conditions are being maintained.*

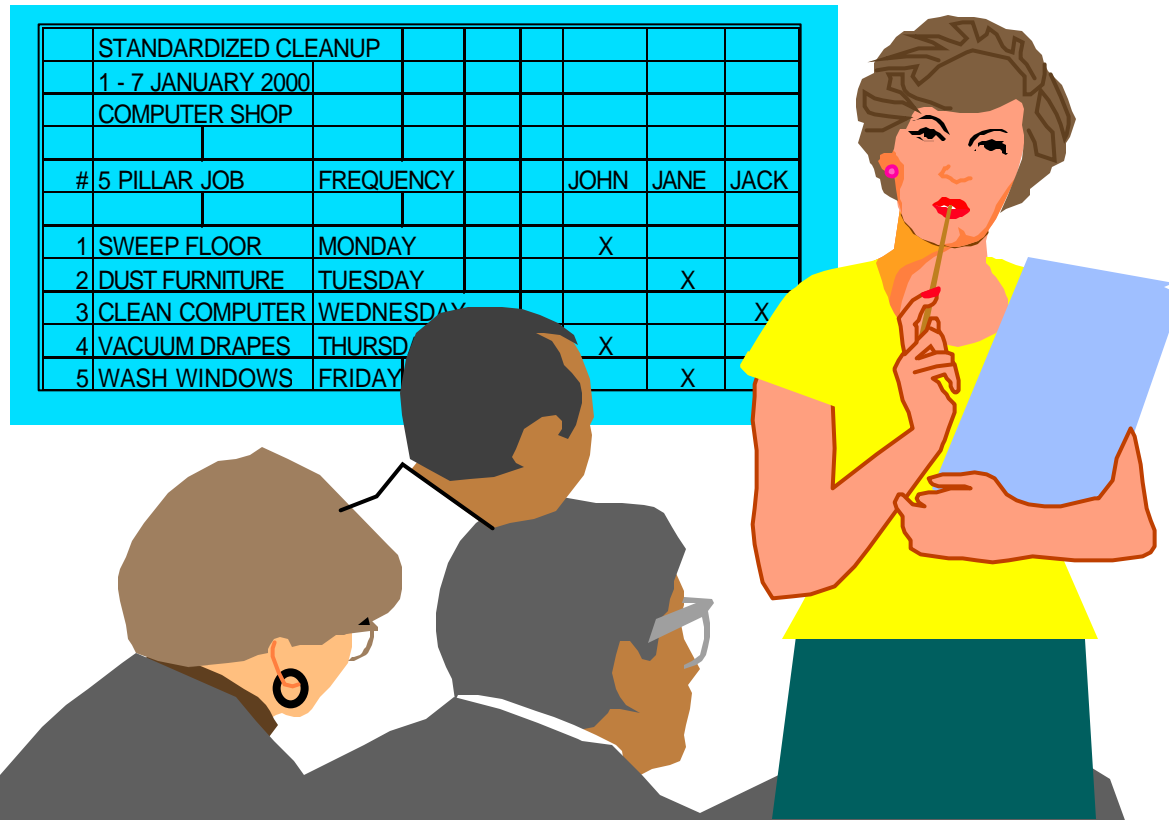
## Step 1:

*Decide who is responsible for which activities with regard to maintaining the three pillar conditions.*



## Step 2:

*To prevent backsliding, integrate three pillar maintenance duties into regular work activities.*





# STANDARDIZED CLEANUP

	STANDARDIZED CLEANUP							
	1 - 7 JANUARY 2000							
	COMPUTER SHOP							
#	5 PILLAR JOB	FREQUENCY				JOHN	JANE	JACK
1	SWEEP FLOOR	MONDAY				X		
2	DUST FURNITURE	TUESDAY					X	
3	CLEAN COMPUTER	WEDNESDAY						X
4	VACUUM DRAPES	THURSDAY				X		
5	WASH WINDOWS	FRIDAY					X	

### **Step 3:**

*Check on how well the three pillar conditions  
are being maintained.*



# STANDARDIZED CLEANUP

## The 5S Rating Scale

5	is	Surgery Room
4	is	Washed Eating Utensils
3	is	Kitchen Table
2	is	Kitchen Floor
1	is	Swept Garage Floor
0	is	Dirty Garage Floor

# STANDARDIZED CLEANUP

5 Pillar (5 point) Standardized Clean-up Evaluation Form									
#	Location	Organization	Orderliness	Cleanliness	Total	Previous Total			
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
Review by									
Date									

# STANDARDIZED CLEANUP

*The basic purpose of Standardized Cleanup is to prevent setbacks in the first three pillars, to make implementing them a daily habit, and to make sure that all three pillars are maintained in their fully implemented state.*

# STANDARDIZED CLEANUP

## PREVENTION

### **The Concept of Prevention**

When we find that tools have not been put back correctly, we immediately take care of them. When we find an oil puddle on the floor, we immediately mop it up.

Making these actions habitual is the foundation of Standardized Cleanup. However, when the same problems keep happening over and over again, it is time to take the implementation of standardized cleanup to the next level:

### *PREVENTION*

To take Standardized Cleanup to a higher level, we must ask “why”?

**Why Do Unneeded Items Accumulate (Despite Organization)?**

**Why Do Tools Get Put Back Incorrectly (Despite Orderliness)?**

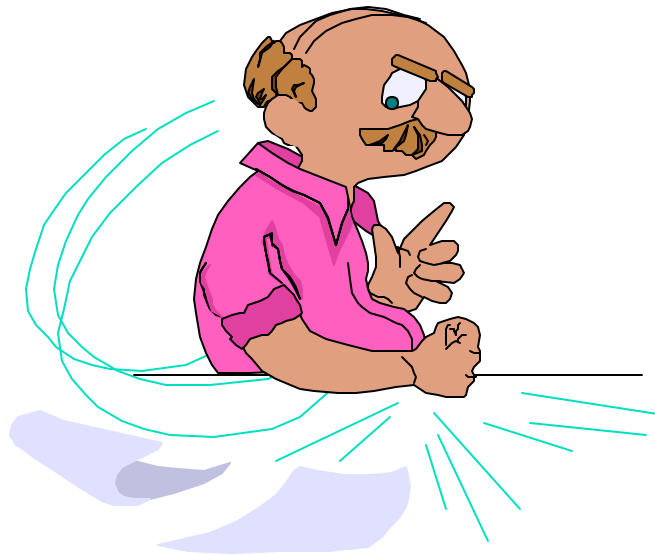
**Why Do Floors Get Dirty (Despite Cleanliness)?**

When we ask "why" repeatedly, we eventually find the source of the problem.

# STANDARDIZED CLEANUP PREVENTION

## *Preventive Organization*

Preventive Organization means that instead of waiting until unneeded items accumulate, we find ways to prevent their accumulation.



# STANDARDIZED CLEANUP PREVENTION

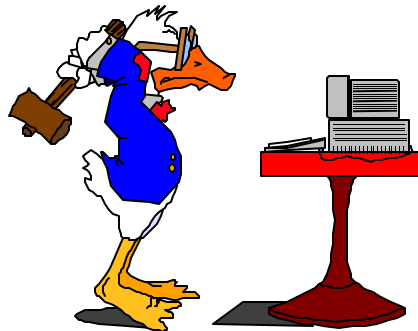
## *Preventive Orderliness*

To achieve preventive Orderliness, we must somehow prevent the inefficiency that results from the lack of orderly control of any specific item.

There are two ways to do this:

Make It Difficult to Put Things in the Wrong Place

Make It Impossible to Put Things in the Wrong Place.



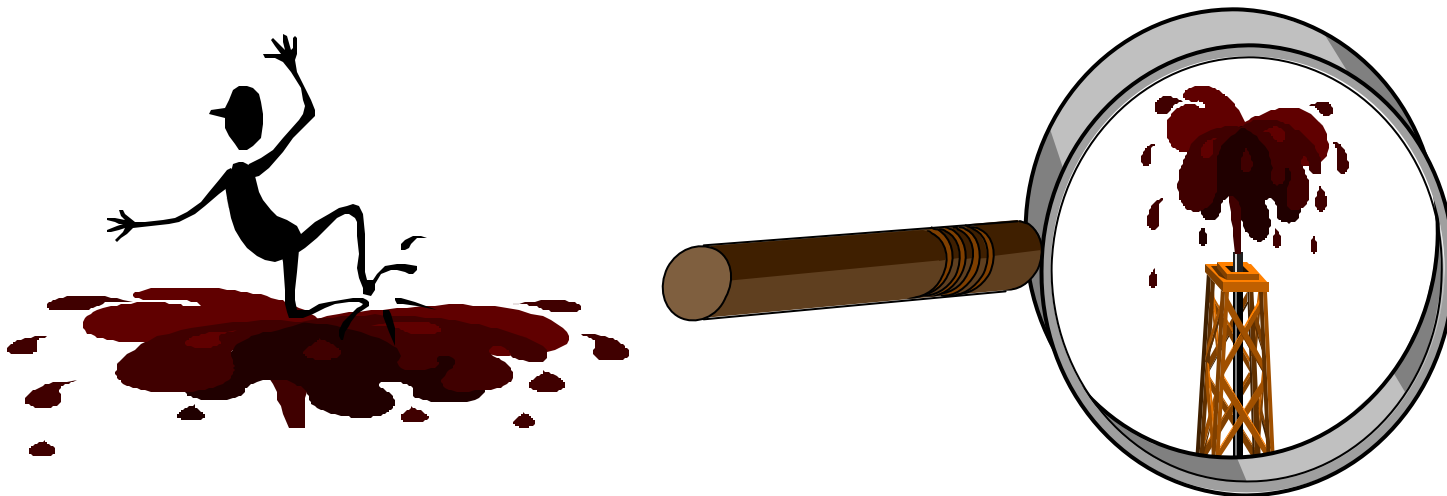


# STANDARDIZED CLEANUP

## PREVENTION

### *Preventive Cleanliness*

Preventive Cleanliness means preventing things from getting dirty to begin with. The initial cleanup is very hard work. To minimize the drudgery of cleaning up, the key is to treat contamination problems at their source.



# **5 PILLARS**

**DISCIPLINE**

# DISCIPLINE

*The Fifth Pillar Is Discipline.*

*The word “DISCIPLINE” carries with it the negative connotation of reprimands and warning slips. In the context of the five pillars, Discipline has a different meaning. It means making a habit of properly maintaining correct procedures.*

# DISCIPLINE

## **Problems Avoided by Implementing Discipline.**

*Unneeded items begin piling up as soon as implementation of Organization is completed.*

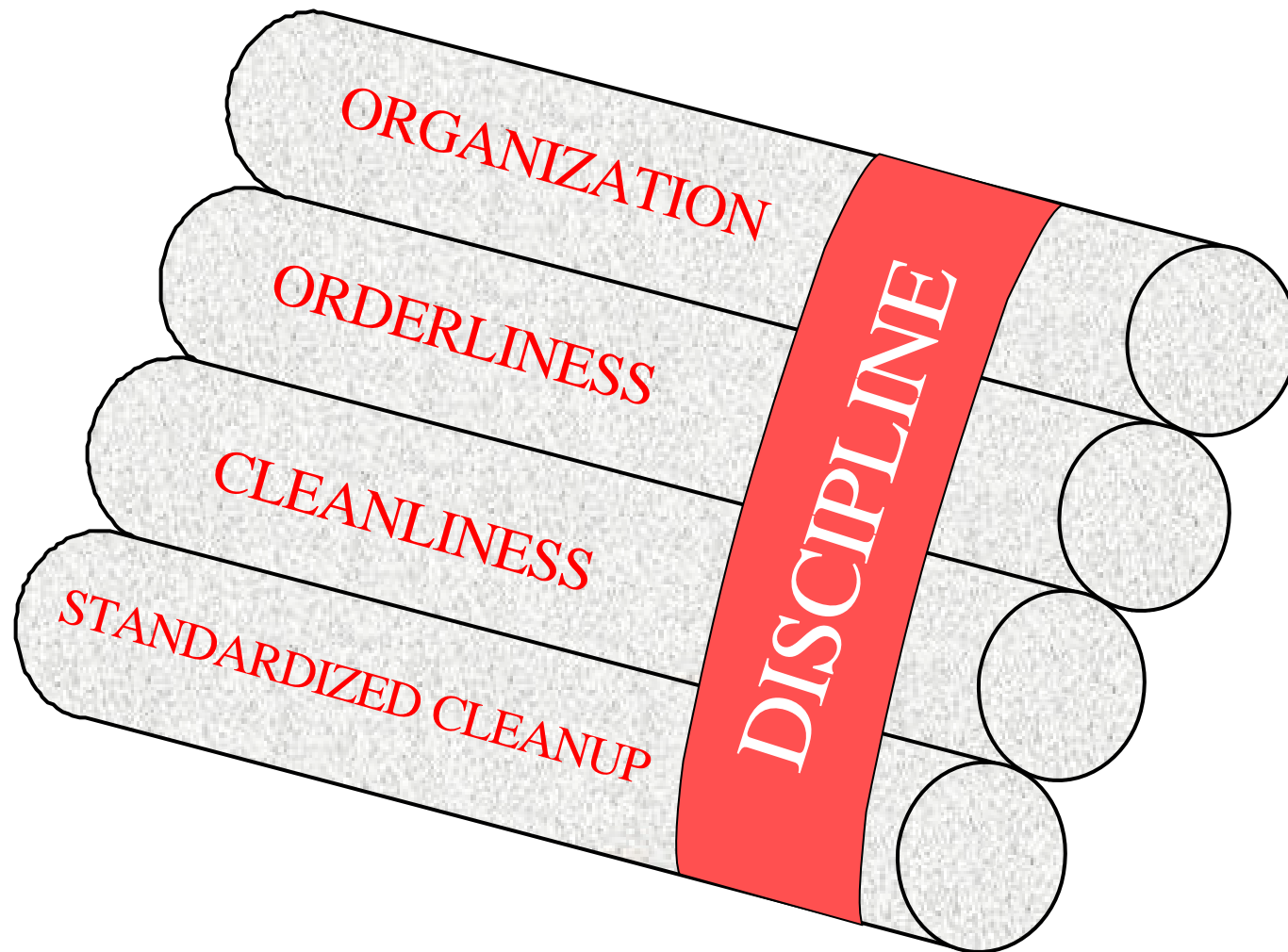
*No matter how well planned Orderliness implementation is, tools do not get returned to their designated places after use.*

*No matter how dirty equipment becomes, little or nothing is done to clean it.*

*Dirty machines start to malfunction.*

*Dark, dirty, disorganized workplaces lower workers' morale.*

**Discipline is important, because without it, implementation of the first four pillars quickly fall apart. It is the band that holds it all together.**



## Why Discipline Is Important

Usually you discipline yourself to maintain a particular course of action because the rewards for keeping to the course are greater than the rewards for departing from it.

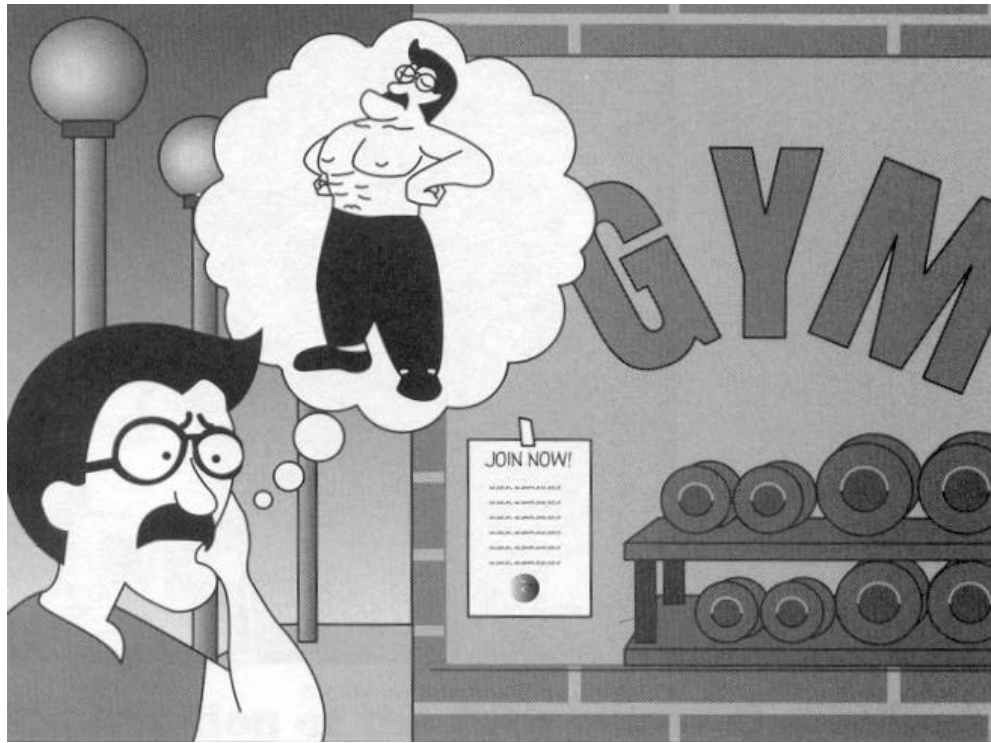
Suppose you want to start an exercise program. You need discipline to stick to this course. The rewards of sticking to your exercise program are greater than the rewards of not sticking and you will probably maintain the discipline of this program.



# Creating Conditions for the Implementation of Discipline

Discipline is different from Organization, Orderliness, or Cleanliness, and even from Standardized Cleanup, in the sense that it is not visible and cannot be measured. It exists in people's hearts and minds - and only their behavior shows its presence.

Because of this it cannot exactly be "implemented" like a technique. However, we can create conditions that encourage the implementation of Discipline.



Go back to our exercise program, how could you create conditions in your own life that would encourage the discipline of working out at a gym?





You might: join a gym with a friend so you can work out together and encourage each other.

# Conditions That Will Promote Discipline

## **AWARENESS**

You need to understand what the five pillars are and how important it is to maintain Discipline with respect to five pillar implementation.

## **TIME**

You need to make enough time in your schedule to perform **five** pillar implementation.

## **STRUCTURE**

You need to have a structure for how and when **five** pillar activities will be implemented.

# Conditions That Will Promote Discipline

## **SUPPORT**

You need to have support for your efforts from management, in terms of acknowledgment, leadership, and resources.

## **REWARDS AND RECOGNITION**

Your efforts need to be rewarded.

## **SATISFACTION AND EXCITEMENT**

The implementation of the **five** pillars needs to be satisfying for you. This satisfaction is communicated from person to person, allowing five pillar implementation to build as it involves more people.

